

Fig. XVII Geographical position and the average annual rainfall (\bar{R}_a) of the 14 examined stations. Numbers represent stations listed in Table 1. The real values of \bar{R}_a are recorded in this table too.

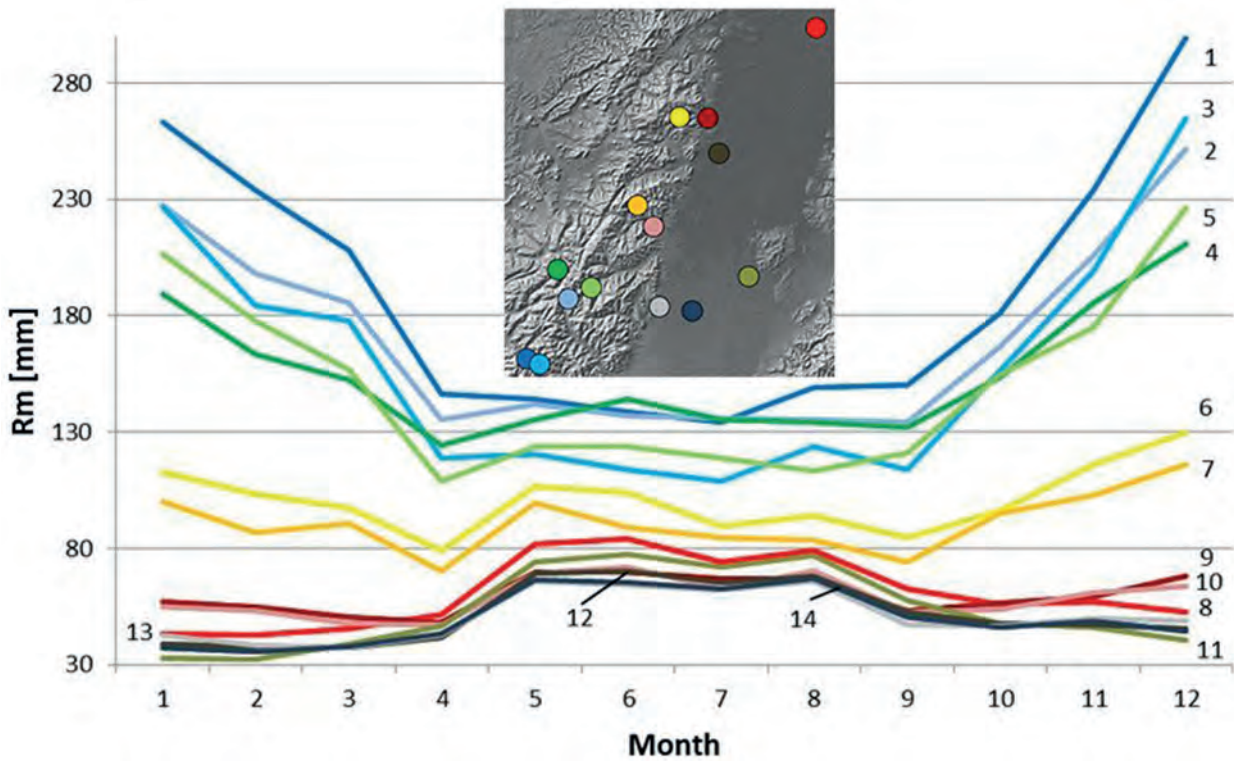


Fig. XVIII Average monthly rainfall (\bar{R}_m). Numbers represent stations listed in Table 1.

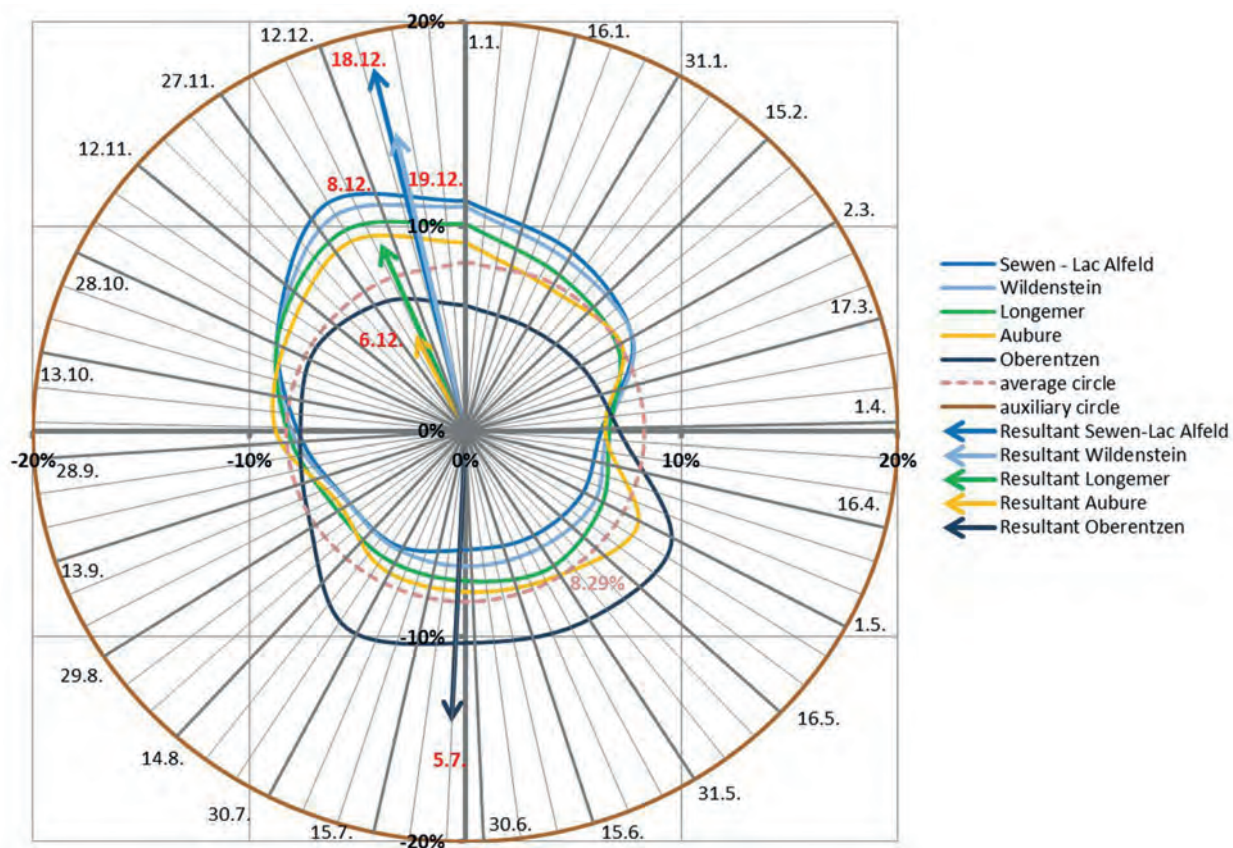


Fig. XIX Intra-annual variability of rainfall at 5 selected stations. The curve links the mean monthly rainfalls and the vector points in the direction of the date representing the centre of gravity of humid period.

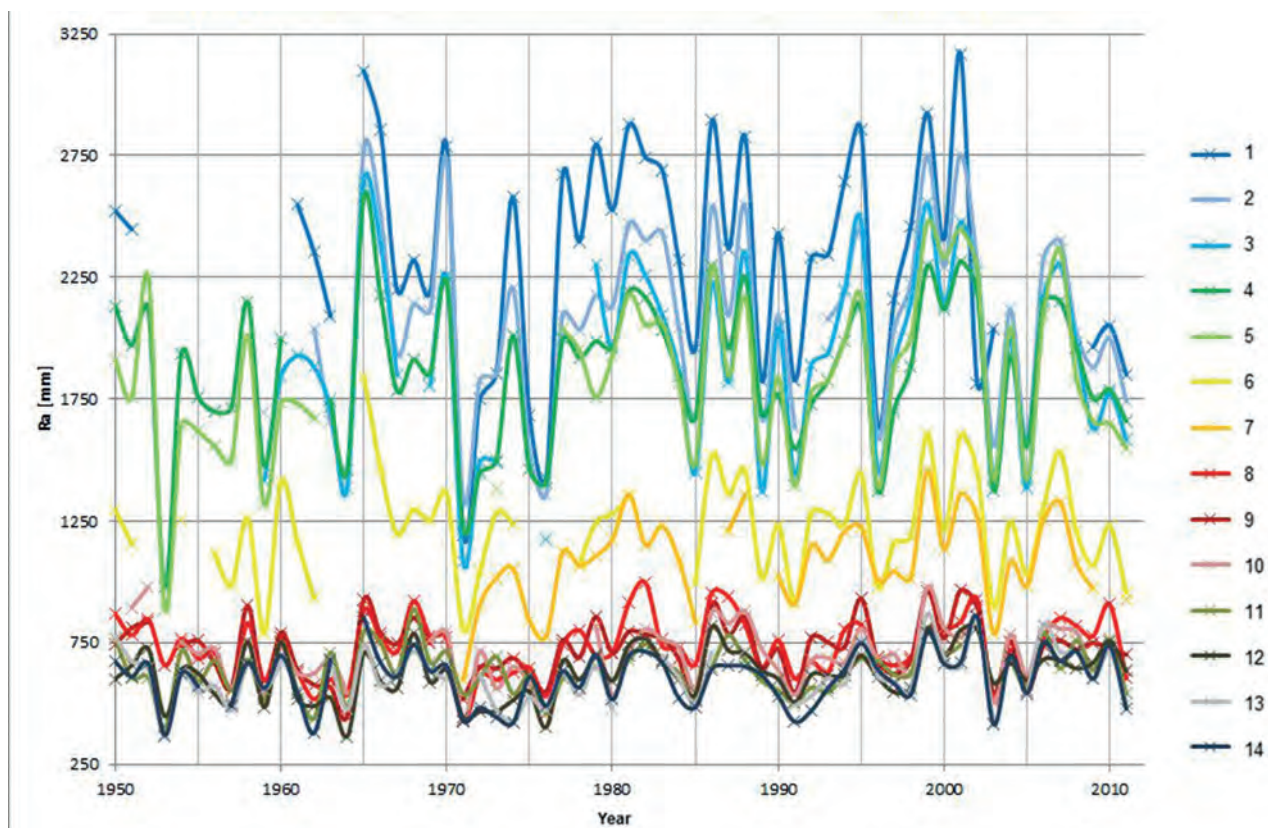


Fig. XX Inter-annual variability of annual rainfall R_a for the period 1950–2011. The graph shows the evolution of R_a in time. Gaps correspond to years with missing data (Table 1). Stations are listed in the order of descending R_a . Station numbers are identified in Table 1.

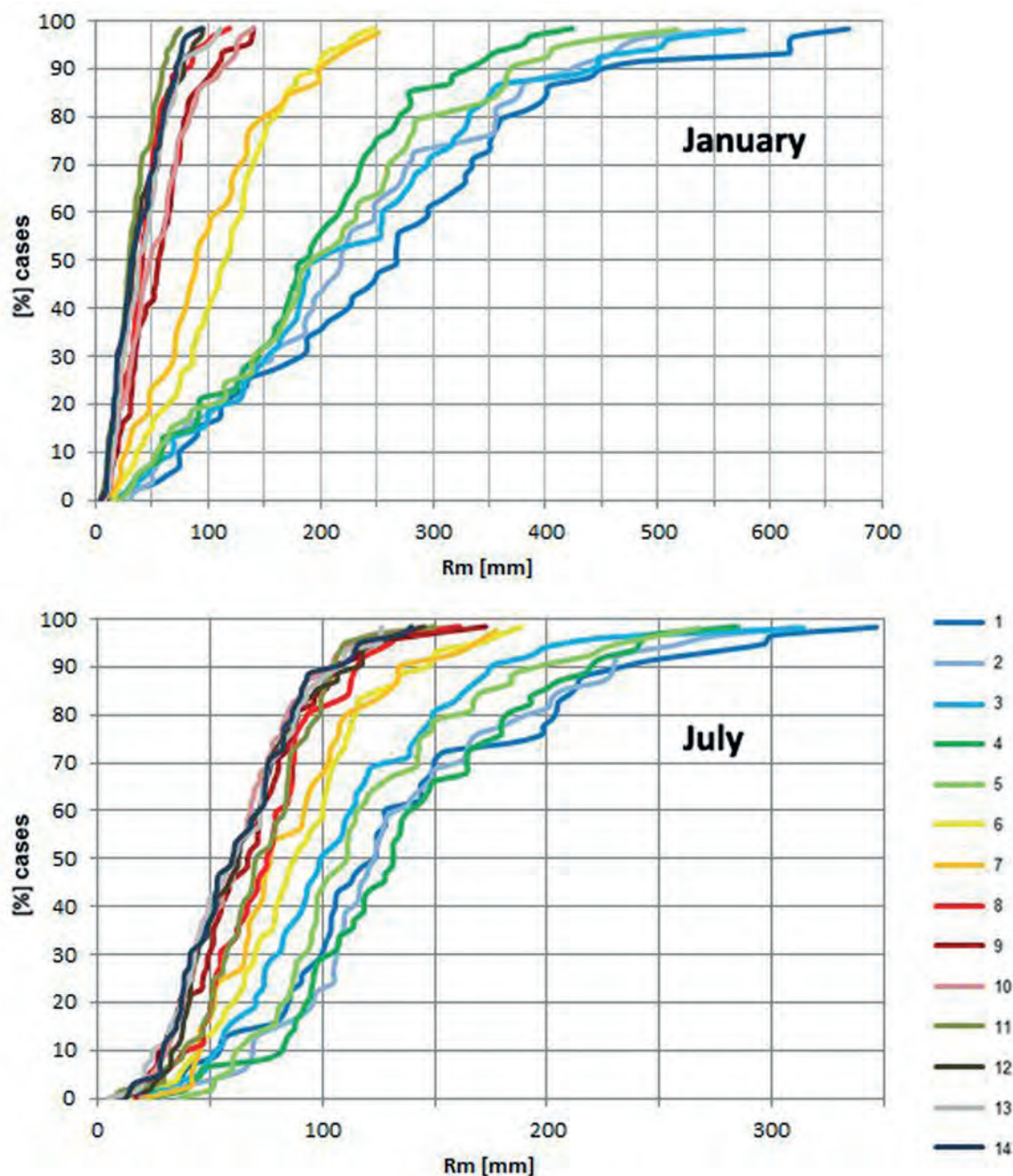


Fig. XXI Inter-monthly variability of monthly rainfall R_m for January and July. The cumulative distribution function for January (on the upper graph) and July (on the lower graph) for 14 meteorological stations and are presented for 1950–2011. Numbers represent stations listed in Table 1.

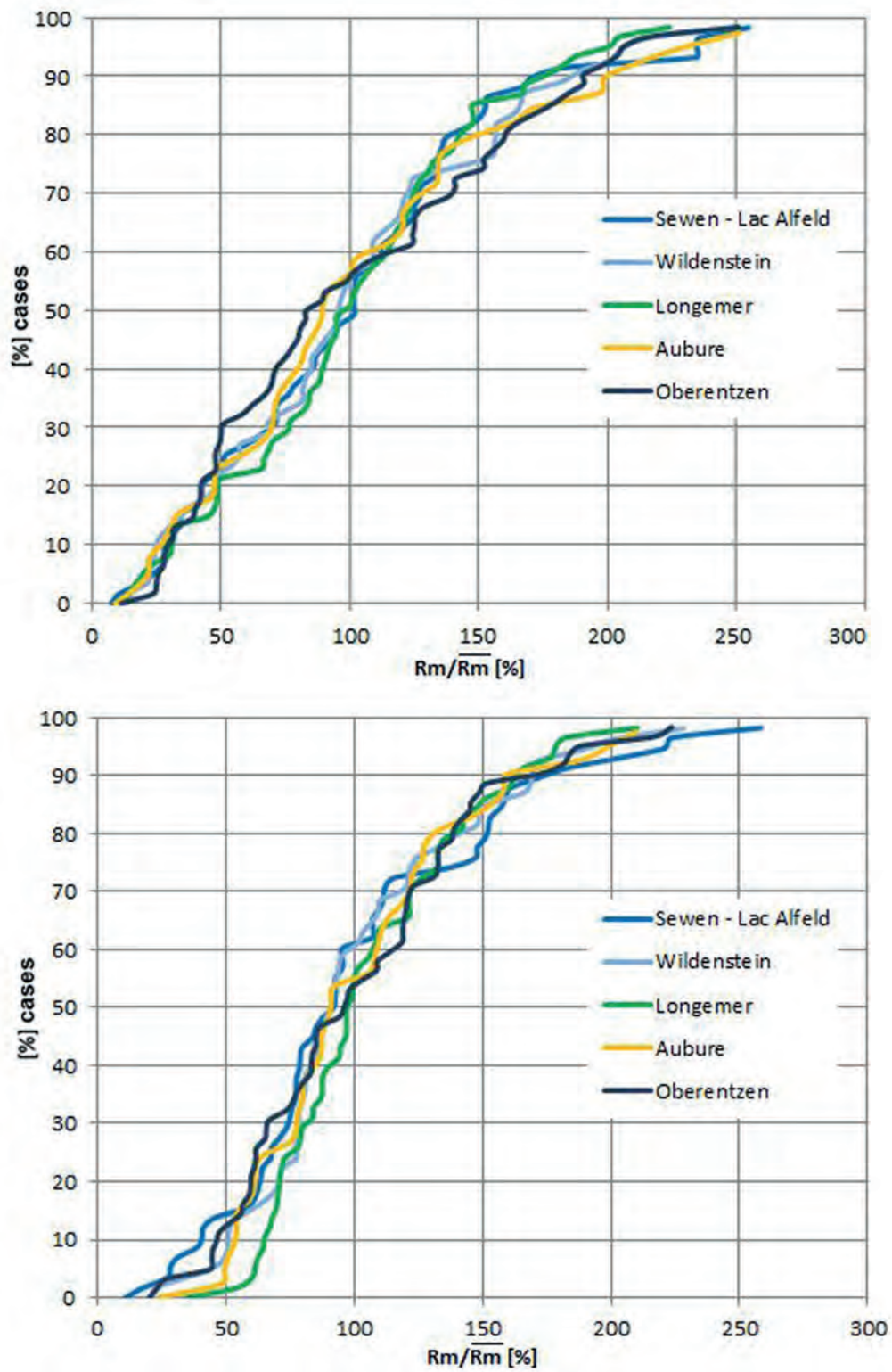


Fig. XXII As in Figure 5 but related to the average monthly rainfall for 5 selected stations.

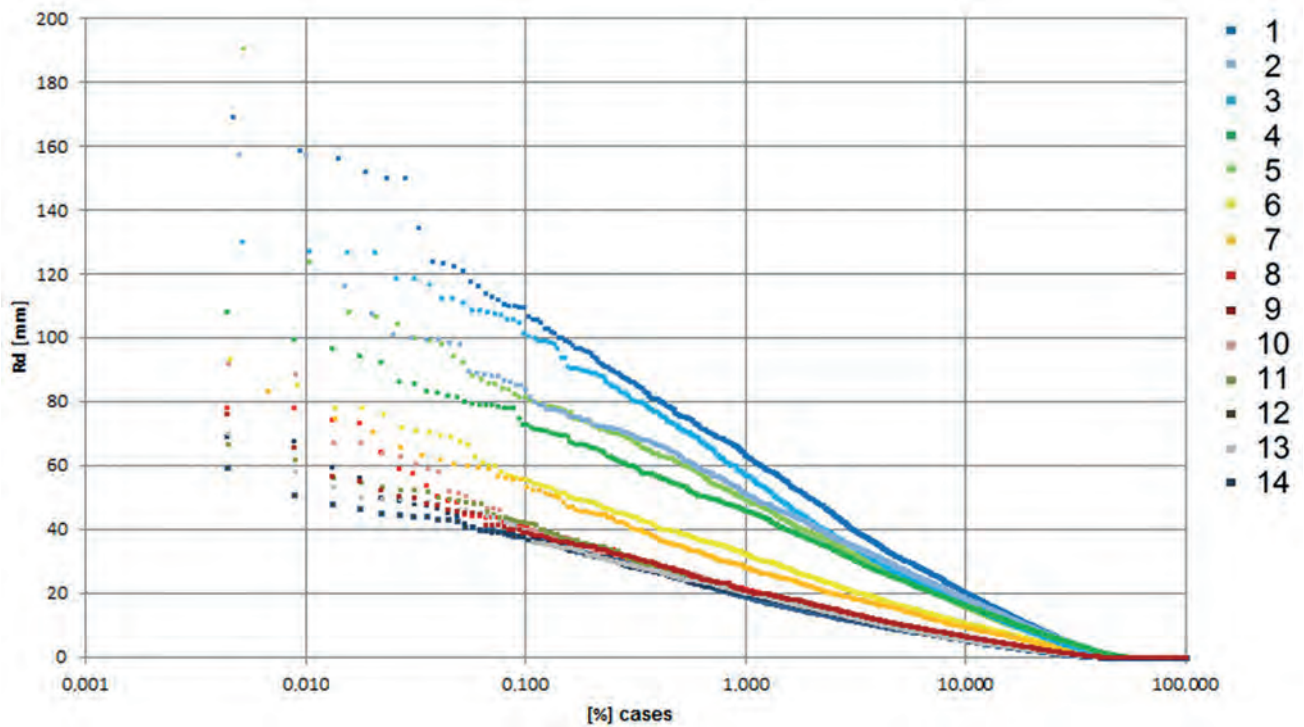


Fig. XXIII The variability of daily precipitation totals (*Rd*). Stations are listed in the order of descending annual rainfall, station numbers are identified in Table 1. The x-axis is expressed in logarithmic scale.

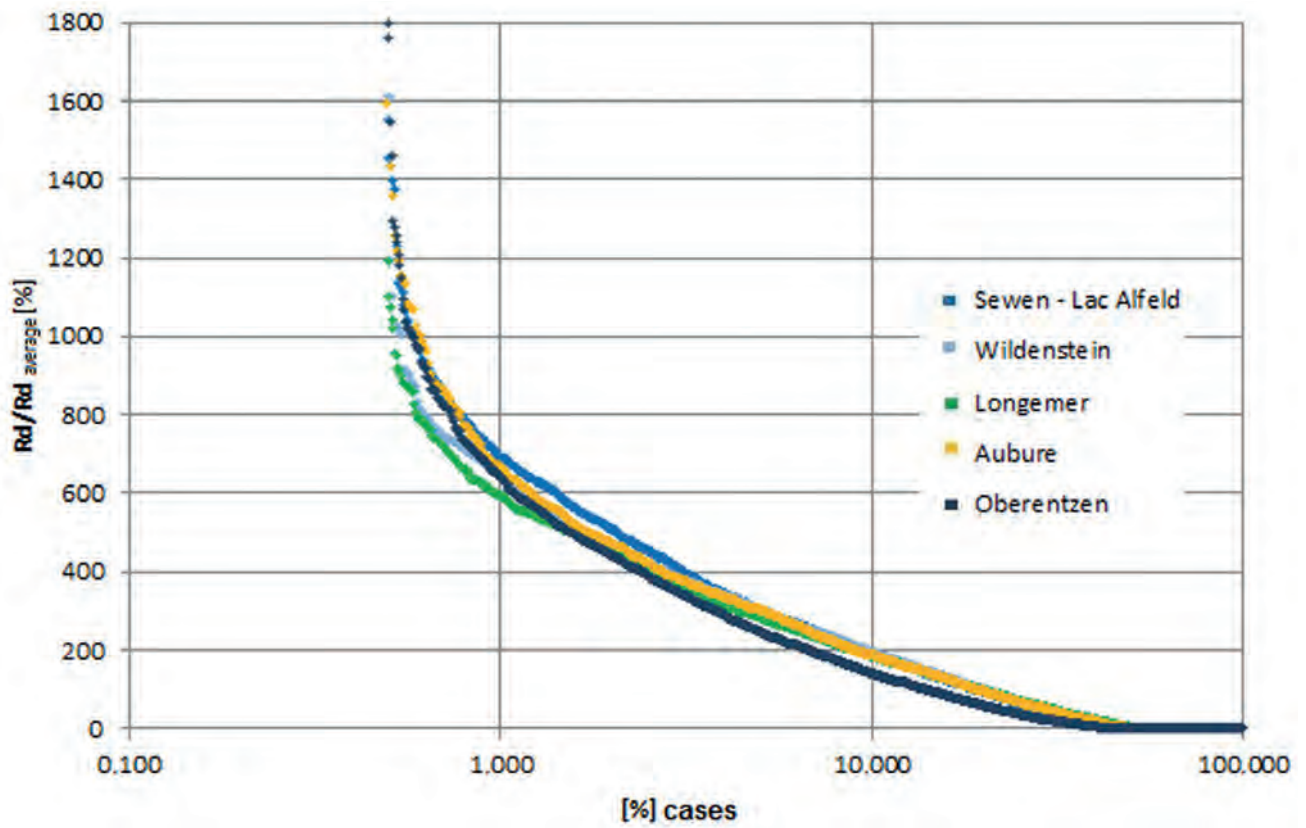


Fig. XXIV As in Figure 7 but related to the average daily rainfall for 5 selected stations. The x-axis and y-axis are expressed in logarithmic scale.